

Acoustic data



Standard: BS EN 13141-7:2010

Ventilation for buildings. Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation. Performance testing of a mechanical supply and exhaust ventilation units (including heat recovery) for mechanical ventilation systems intended for single family dwellings

Product

HRV1.35 Q Plus Eco

| | | 'A' Weighted Sound Power Levels dB re. 1pW | | | | | | | | Overall L _W | Overall L _{WA} | Casing Breakout dBA @ 3m |
|----------------------|---------------|--|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Frequency Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed | | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1k | 2k | 4k | 8k | | | |
| 14l/s @ 3Pa (18%) | Induct Outlet | 42 | 39 | 41 | 42 | 33 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 69 | 47 | 14 |
| | Induct Inlet | 27 | 36 | 30 | 29 | 18 | 15 | 19 | 24 | 55 | 38 | |
| | Breakout | 4 | 17 | 20 | 23 | 28 | 15 | 19 | 24 | 37 | 31 | |
| 29l/s @ 20Pa (40%) | Induct Outlet | 49 | 56 | 59 | 57 | 58 | 47 | 39 | 32 | 78 | 64 | 23 |
| | Induct Inlet | 31 | 50 | 47 | 45 | 35 | 29 | 22 | 24 | 67 | 52 | |
| | Breakout | 12 | 31 | 34 | 35 | 37 | 27 | 24 | 24 | 49 | 41 | |
| 33l/s @ 26Pa (45%) | Induct Outlet | 50 | 59 | 62 | 60 | 59 | 51 | 43 | 37 | 79 | 66 | 26 |
| | Induct Inlet | 31 | 51 | 49 | 47 | 40 | 33 | 25 | 24 | 68 | 55 | |
| | Breakout | 12 | 32 | 36 | 38 | 39 | 30 | 27 | 24 | 51 | 43 | |
| 39l/s @ 38Pa (52%) | Induct Outlet | 52 | 60 | 64 | 62 | 64 | 55 | 47 | 42 | 81 | 69 | 29 |
| | Induct Inlet | 34 | 52 | 53 | 50 | 41 | 36 | 28 | 25 | 70 | 57 | |
| | Breakout | 17 | 35 | 39 | 42 | 41 | 34 | 31 | 24 | 54 | 46 | |
| 44l/s @ 48Pa (58%) | Induct Outlet | 55 | 63 | 66 | 65 | 66 | 63 | 51 | 47 | 84 | 72 | 31 |
| | Induct Inlet | 36 | 53 | 54 | 52 | 43 | 42 | 31 | 26 | 71 | 58 | |
| | Breakout | 22 | 36 | 41 | 43 | 42 | 40 | 35 | 26 | 56 | 48 | |
| 49l/s @ 63Pa (66%) | Induct Outlet | 56 | 64 | 70 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 54 | 51 | 86 | 75 | 33 |
| | Induct Inlet | 43 | 53 | 56 | 55 | 46 | 47 | 34 | 28 | 73 | 60 | |
| | Breakout | 26 | 37 | 43 | 45 | 44 | 44 | 38 | 27 | 58 | 51 | |
| 58l/s @ 90Pa (80%) | Induct Outlet | 59 | 67 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 69 | 58 | 56 | 88 | 77 | 36 |
| | Induct Inlet | 44 | 56 | 59 | 58 | 49 | 48 | 39 | 32 | 75 | 63 | |
| | Breakout | 38 | 39 | 46 | 49 | 47 | 46 | 42 | 31 | 65 | 54 | |
| 60l/s @ 100Pa (100%) | Induct Outlet | 60 | 66 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 69 | 59 | 57 | 89 | 78 | 36 |
| | Induct Inlet | 43 | 56 | 60 | 58 | 50 | 50 | 40 | 33 | 76 | 64 | |
| | Breakout | 33 | 39 | 47 | 49 | 47 | 46 | 43 | 31 | 63 | 54 | |

Measurements taken at full speed with a resistance of 100Pa, then at the stated percentage speed settings of the unit and corresponding reduced pressure
 Inlet and outlet levels are Induct (BS EN 13141-7 clause 6.4.2 requirement), casing breakout is hemispherical - for spherical subtract 3dB

Titon acoustic data is independently tested at Sound Research Laboratories

Data is specifically tested for the Eco unit (100% bypass) - non bypass variants with deeper heat exchangers will offer lower acoustic levels

Product

HRV1.35 Q Plus Eco

| | | Sound Power Levels dB re. 1pW | | | | | | | | Overall L_W | Overall L_{WA} | Overall dBA @ 3m Hemispherical | Overall dBA @ 3m Spherical |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Frequency Hz | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed | | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1k | 2k | 4k | 8k | | | | |
| 14l/s @ 3Pa (18%) | Open Outlet | 48 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 32 | 19 | 19 | 25 | 50 | 40 | 22 | 19 |
| | Open Inlet | 33 | 38 | 30 | 28 | 17 | 14 | 18 | 25 | 40 | 30 | 12 | 9 |
| | Breakout | 30 | 33 | 29 | 26 | 28 | 14 | 18 | 25 | 37 | 31 | 14 | 11 |
| 29l/s @ 20Pa (40%) | Open Outlet | 55 | 58 | 59 | 56 | 57 | 46 | 38 | 33 | 64 | 59 | 42 | 39 |
| | Open Inlet | 37 | 52 | 47 | 44 | 34 | 28 | 21 | 25 | 54 | 44 | 27 | 24 |
| | Breakout | 38 | 47 | 43 | 38 | 37 | 26 | 23 | 25 | 49 | 41 | 23 | 20 |
| 33l/s @ 26Pa (45%) | Open Outlet | 56 | 61 | 62 | 59 | 58 | 50 | 42 | 38 | 67 | 61 | 44 | 41 |
| | Open Inlet | 37 | 53 | 49 | 46 | 39 | 32 | 24 | 25 | 55 | 47 | 29 | 26 |
| | Breakout | 38 | 48 | 45 | 41 | 39 | 29 | 26 | 25 | 51 | 43 | 26 | 23 |
| 39l/s @ 38Pa (52%) | Open Outlet | 58 | 62 | 64 | 61 | 63 | 54 | 46 | 43 | 69 | 65 | 48 | 45 |
| | Open Inlet | 40 | 54 | 53 | 49 | 40 | 35 | 27 | 26 | 57 | 49 | 32 | 29 |
| | Breakout | 43 | 51 | 48 | 45 | 41 | 33 | 30 | 25 | 54 | 46 | 29 | 26 |
| 44l/s @ 48Pa (58%) | Open Outlet | 61 | 65 | 66 | 64 | 65 | 62 | 50 | 48 | 72 | 69 | 51 | 48 |
| | Open Inlet | 42 | 55 | 54 | 51 | 42 | 41 | 30 | 27 | 59 | 52 | 34 | 31 |
| | Breakout | 48 | 52 | 50 | 46 | 42 | 39 | 34 | 27 | 56 | 48 | 31 | 28 |
| 49l/s @ 63Pa (66%) | Open Outlet | 62 | 66 | 70 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 53 | 52 | 75 | 72 | 55 | 52 |
| | Open Inlet | 49 | 55 | 56 | 54 | 45 | 46 | 33 | 29 | 61 | 54 | 37 | 34 |
| | Breakout | 52 | 53 | 52 | 48 | 44 | 43 | 37 | 28 | 58 | 51 | 33 | 30 |
| 58l/s @ 90Pa (80%) | Open Outlet | 65 | 69 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 68 | 57 | 57 | 77 | 74 | 56 | 53 |
| | Open Inlet | 50 | 58 | 59 | 57 | 48 | 47 | 38 | 33 | 63 | 57 | 39 | 36 |
| | Breakout | 64 | 55 | 55 | 52 | 47 | 45 | 41 | 32 | 65 | 54 | 36 | 33 |
| 60l/s @ 100Pa (100%) | Open Outlet | 66 | 68 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 68 | 58 | 58 | 77 | 74 | 57 | 54 |
| | Open Inlet | 49 | 58 | 60 | 57 | 49 | 49 | 39 | 34 | 64 | 58 | 40 | 37 |
| | Breakout | 59 | 55 | 56 | 52 | 47 | 45 | 42 | 32 | 63 | 54 | 36 | 33 |

Measurements taken at full speed with a resistance of 100Pa, then at the stated percentage speed settings of the unit and corresponding reduced pressure
 To enable simplified comparisons with other manufacturers data the above information is tested in accordance with BS EN 13141-7, the end reflection as defined in EN ISO 5135
 for a 125mm (204x60mm) duct mounted flush with the wall, has been removed to provide an open outlet/open inlet sound power measurement (see page 1 of 2 for original data)
 Figures shown are not 'A' weighted (other than the overall L_{WA} /dBA columns)

Titon acoustic data is independently tested at Sound Research Laboratories

Data is specifically tested for the Eco unit (100% bypass) - non bypass variants with deeper heat exchangers will offer lower acoustic levels

Acoustic Testing – Powered products

Acoustic testing of Titon mechanical ventilation products is measured in accordance with the following standards:-

CME – BS EN 13141-6 – “Ventilation for buildings. Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation. Exhaust ventilation system packages used in a single dwelling”

MVHR – BS EN 13141-7 – “Ventilation for buildings. Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation. Performance testing of a mechanical supply and exhaust ventilation units (including heat recovery) for mechanical ventilation systems intended for single family dwellings”

The results (1st page) are presented in the following format which provides details of the acoustic performance of the unit at each of the standard speed settings.

The ‘A’ Weighted Sound Power Level in dB is an “in-duct” measurement for the Outlet (supply) and Inlet (extract) and are given across the frequency range from 63Hz to 8kHz.

The overall level is the logarithmic addition of the frequency bands to give a single figure, this is provided with and without ‘A’ weighting

The casing breakout is a sound pressure level at a distance of 3 metres, this figure is the lowest quoted and is usually stated in catalogue details. It is calculated from the Overall L_{WA} (sound power level) with a reduction to convert to the sound pressure at 3 metres (see page 7).

Acoustic data



Standard: BS EN 13141-7:2010

Ventilation for buildings. Performance testing of components/products for residential ventilation. Performance testing of a mechanical supply and exhaust ventilation units (including heat recovery) for mechanical ventilation systems intended for single family dwellings

Product: **HRV2.85 Plus Eco**

| Speed | | 'A' Weighted Sound Power Levels dB re. 1pW | | | | | | | | Overall L _W | Overall L _{WA} | Casing Breakout dB(A) @ 3m |
|----------------------|---------------|--|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Frequency Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1k | 2k | 4k | 8k | | | |
| 15l/s @ 1Pa (18%) | Induct Outlet | 28 | 35 | 32 | 32 | 27 | 17 | 19 | 23 | 56 | 39 | 11 |
| | Induct Inlet | 28 | 28 | 25 | 21 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 23 | 54 | 33 | |
| | Breakout | 4 | 16 | 17 | 25 | 21 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 36 | 29 | |
| 29l/s @ 7Pa (30%) | Induct Outlet | 34 | 46 | 41 | 45 | 41 | 33 | 24 | 23 | 64 | 50 | 14 |
| | Induct Inlet | 30 | 34 | 33 | 30 | 24 | 20 | 19 | 23 | 57 | 39 | |
| | Breakout | 7 | 22 | 21 | 27 | 25 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 40 | 31 | |
| 45l/s @ 18Pa (41%) | Induct Outlet | 37 | 52 | 48 | 54 | 54 | 44 | 36 | 30 | 70 | 59 | 19 |
| | Induct Inlet | 33 | 41 | 40 | 37 | 35 | 29 | 22 | 23 | 61 | 45 | |
| | Breakout | 9 | 28 | 26 | 31 | 31 | 24 | 21 | 21 | 45 | 36 | |
| 61l/s @ 40Pa (53%) | Induct Outlet | 44 | 57 | 53 | 59 | 61 | 51 | 45 | 41 | 75 | 64 | 24 |
| | Induct Inlet | 38 | 46 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 36 | 28 | 24 | 66 | 51 | |
| | Breakout | 14 | 33 | 32 | 36 | 37 | 30 | 26 | 21 | 51 | 41 | |
| 75l/s @ 65Pa (65%) | Induct Outlet | 48 | 59 | 58 | 63 | 65 | 57 | 50 | 47 | 79 | 69 | 27 |
| | Induct Inlet | 41 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 48 | 41 | 33 | 27 | 70 | 55 | |
| | Breakout | 16 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 40 | 34 | 31 | 22 | 54 | 45 | |
| 88l/s @ 83Pa (76.5%) | Induct Outlet | 51 | 62 | 62 | 65 | 69 | 62 | 55 | 52 | 82 | 72 | 33 |
| | Induct Inlet | 46 | 52 | 52 | 50 | 51 | 45 | 37 | 31 | 74 | 58 | |
| | Breakout | 19 | 40 | 40 | 48 | 44 | 40 | 37 | 25 | 59 | 51 | |
| 93l/s @ 100Pa (100%) | Induct Outlet | 51 | 64 | 63 | 66 | 70 | 63 | 55 | 53 | 82 | 73 | 34 |
| | Induct Inlet | 46 | 53 | 53 | 51 | 52 | 47 | 39 | 33 | 74 | 59 | |
| | Breakout | 24 | 41 | 42 | 48 | 46 | 42 | 39 | 27 | 59 | 52 | |

Measurements taken at full speed with a resistance of 100Pa, then at the stated percentage speed settings of the unit and corresponding reduced pressure

Inlet and outlet levels are Induct (BS EN 13141-7 clause 6.4.2 requirement), casing breakout is hemispherical - for spherical subtract 3dB

Titon acoustic data is independently tested at Sound Research Laboratories

Data is specifically tested for the Eco unit (100% bypass) - non bypass variants with deeper heat exchangers will offer lower acoustic levels

MD0268f-03, SRL report 23276/T01, 07/10/16

A second page of the same results is also provided with the same information presented in an alternative format, this is provided to enable simplified direct comparisons to some competitor units where “open outlet” or “open inlet” data is being quoted (outside the requirements of 13141-7).

The overall level is the logarithmic addition of the frequency bands to give a single figure, this is provided with and without ‘A’ weighting.

The open outlet and open inlet figures are calculated from the induct levels given on page 1 by deducting the end reflection (as defined in EN ISO 5135 for a duct flush with the wall).

The overall levels have also been given as a sound power (L_w) and sound pressure at a distance of 3 meters, both hemispherical and spherical. The only A weighted data is the overall “dBA” at 3 metres.

Acoustic data

Product **HRV2.85 Plus Eco**

| Speed | | Sound Power Levels dB re. 1pW | | | | | | | | Overall L_w | Overall dBA @ 3m Hemispherical | Overall dBA @ 3m Spherical |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|---------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | Frequency Hz | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1k | 2k | 4k | 8k | | | |
| 15l/s @ 1Pa (18%) | Open Outlet | 36 | 38 | 34 | 32 | 26 | 16 | 18 | 24 | 42 | 21 | 8 |
| | Open Inlet | 36 | 31 | 27 | 21 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 24 | 38 | 15 | 7 |
| | Breakout | 30 | 32 | 26 | 28 | 21 | 16 | 17 | 22 | 36 | 11 | 8 |
| 29l/s @ 7Pa (30%) | Open Outlet | 42 | 49 | 43 | 45 | 40 | 32 | 23 | 24 | 52 | 32 | 29 |
| | Open Inlet | 38 | 37 | 35 | 30 | 23 | 19 | 18 | 24 | 42 | 21 | 18 |
| | Breakout | 33 | 38 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 40 | 14 | 11 |
| 45l/s @ 18Pa (41%) | Open Outlet | 45 | 55 | 50 | 54 | 53 | 43 | 35 | 31 | 60 | 41 | 38 |
| | Open Inlet | 41 | 44 | 42 | 37 | 34 | 28 | 21 | 24 | 48 | 28 | 25 |
| | Breakout | 35 | 44 | 35 | 34 | 31 | 23 | 20 | 22 | 45 | 19 | 16 |
| 61l/s @ 40Pa (53%) | Open Outlet | 52 | 60 | 55 | 59 | 60 | 50 | 44 | 42 | 65 | 47 | 44 |
| | Open Inlet | 46 | 49 | 47 | 43 | 42 | 35 | 27 | 25 | 53 | 33 | 30 |
| | Breakout | 40 | 49 | 41 | 39 | 37 | 29 | 25 | 22 | 51 | 24 | 21 |
| 75l/s @ 65Pa (65%) | Open Outlet | 56 | 62 | 60 | 63 | 64 | 56 | 49 | 48 | 69 | 51 | 48 |
| | Open Inlet | 49 | 52 | 50 | 47 | 47 | 40 | 32 | 28 | 57 | 37 | 34 |
| | Breakout | 42 | 52 | 44 | 43 | 40 | 33 | 30 | 23 | 54 | 27 | 24 |
| 88l/s @ 83Pa (76.5%) | Open Outlet | 59 | 65 | 64 | 65 | 68 | 61 | 54 | 53 | 73 | 55 | 52 |
| | Open Inlet | 54 | 55 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 44 | 36 | 32 | 60 | 40 | 37 |
| | Breakout | 45 | 56 | 49 | 51 | 44 | 39 | 36 | 26 | 59 | 33 | 30 |
| 93l/s @ 100Pa (100%) | Open Outlet | 59 | 67 | 65 | 66 | 69 | 62 | 54 | 54 | 73 | 55 | 52 |
| | Open Inlet | 54 | 56 | 55 | 51 | 51 | 46 | 38 | 34 | 61 | 41 | 38 |
| | Breakout | 50 | 57 | 51 | 51 | 46 | 41 | 38 | 28 | 59 | 34 | 31 |

Measurements taken at full speed with a resistance of 100Pa, then at the stated percentage speed settings of the unit and corresponding reduced pressure
To enable simplified comparisons with other manufacturers data the above information is tested in accordance with BS EN 13141-7, the end reflection as defined in EN ISO 5135 for a 125mm (204x60mm) duct mounted flush with the wall, has been removed to provide an open outlet/open inlet sound power measurement (see page 1 of 2 for original data)

Figures shown are not 'A' weighted (other than the overall dBA columns)

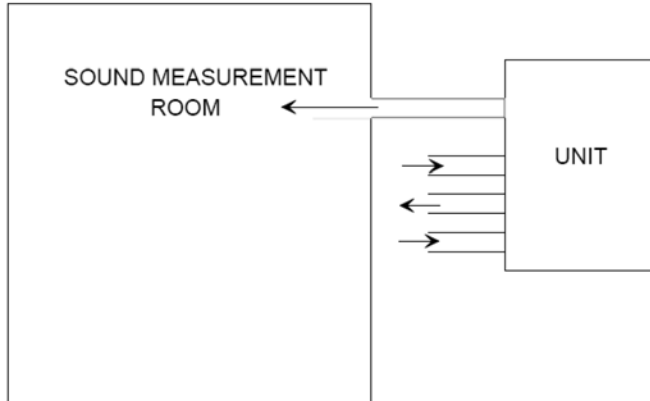
Titon acoustic data is independently tested at Sound Research Laboratories

Data is specifically tested for the Eco unit (100% bypass) - non bypass variants with deeper heat exchangers will offer lower acoustic levels

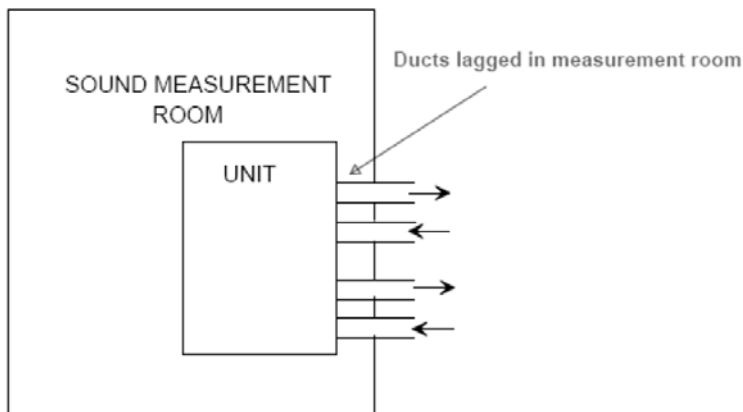
MD0268f-03, SRL report 23276/T01, 07/10/16

MVHR – Installation set up used during testing

Induct sound power level measurement – the unit is installed with the outlet (or inlet) connected to the measurement room and a pressure difference of 100Pa is set across the inlet to outlet connections whilst the unit is operated at full speed. The test is then repeated to measure the casing breakout. A number of reduced speed settings are also taken with the pressure difference reducing with the flow rate.

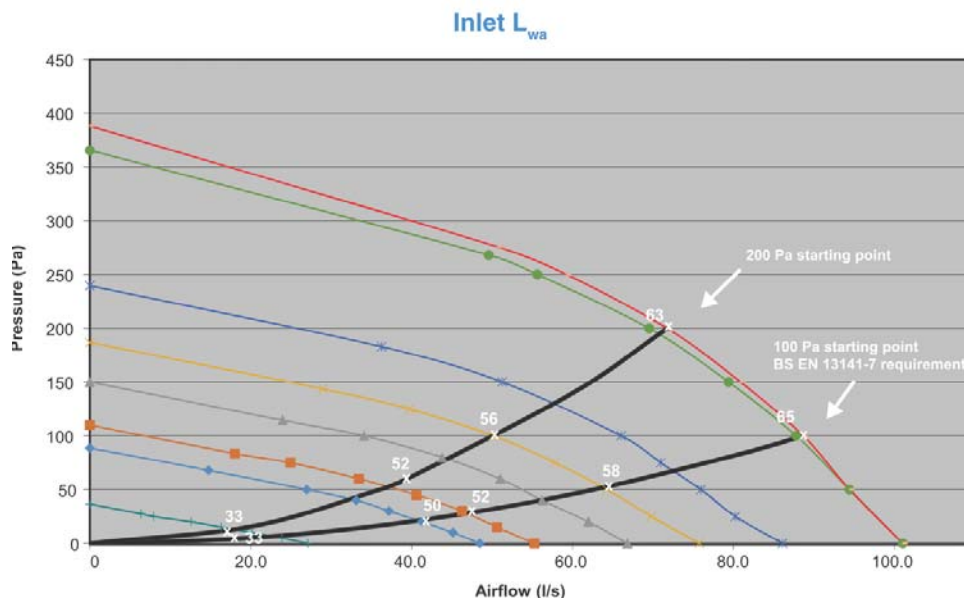


Casing breakout – the inlet and outlet ducts are connected to a separate room so the only noise measured is breakout from the casing.



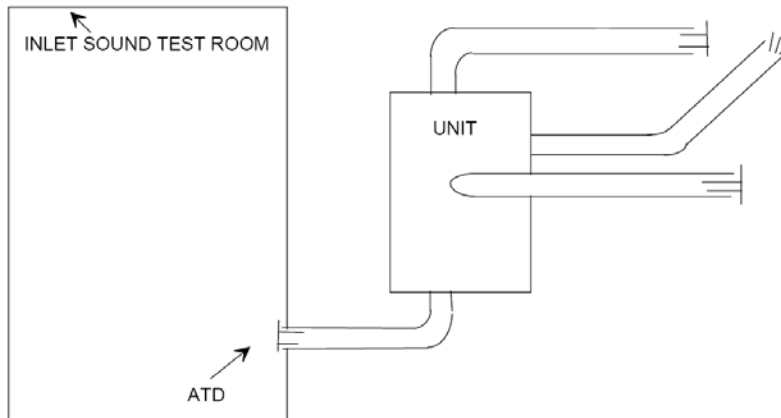
The performance graph below shows the inlet acoustic levels starting at 100Pa and also 200Pa, the acoustic level is similar at the same speed setting with a reduction of 2 dB at the higher resistance.

Example sound data based on different system resistances

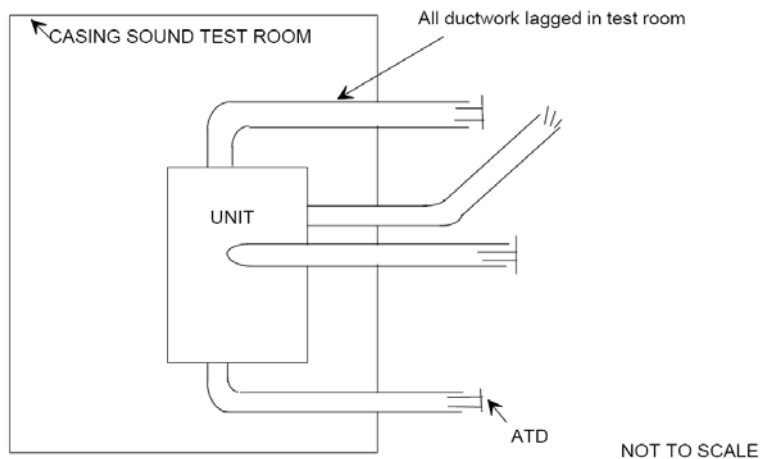


CME – Installation set up used during testing

Inlet sound power levels – all 3 inlets from the CME are fitted with a standard duct set up (as BS EN 13141-6, one is connected to the measuring room and the inlet sound power level recorded. The three inlets connected with 90 degree bend, 0.5m duct and air terminal device. The single outlet connected with 0.5m duct, 45 degree bend 2m duct, and grille. All duct work 204 x 60mm plastic.



Casing breakout – the inlet and outlet ducts are connected to a separate room so the only noise measured is breakout from the casing.



Glossary

Sound Power Level (SWL or L_{WA}) – is a measurement of the actual sound level created at the source, it is not therefore affected by the environment in which the product is installed. This will always be the highest levels quoted as no reductions have been applied for either the environment or distance from the source. Actual installed levels will therefore be significantly lower than these figures but they are useful from which to base any system calculations.

Sound Pressure Level (SPL or L_{pA}) – this must be quoted at a given distance and is dependant on both the distance from the source and environment (a hard walled reflective surface will have a higher level than a soft furnished room which absorbs more sound). Titon levels are given at a distance of 3m (which is commonly quoted) and are free field, hemispherical radiation.

Free field – An environment in which there are no reflective surfaces (useful to describe the sound pressure levels for comparative purposes)

Hemispherical radiation – Sound radiates from a source in all directions, where the product is mounted on a wall or ceiling some sound is reflected from this mounting face. The casing sound pressure levels are based on hemispherical radiation which will be slightly higher than spherical radiation.

Calculation:

$$\text{SPL} = \text{SWL} - 20 \log r - 8 \text{ dB}, \quad \text{where } r = \text{distance from source}$$

Or, **SPL = SWL – 17.54 dB** (when $r = 3\text{m}$)

Spherical radiation –

Calculation:

$$\text{SPL} = \text{SWL} - 20 \log r - 11 \text{ dB}, \quad \text{where } r = \text{distance from source}$$

Or, **SPL = SWL – 20.54 dB** (when $r = 3\text{m}$), i.e 3 dB quieter than hemispherical.

'A'Weighting – this is a correction to the frequency bands to replicate the sensitivity of the human ear to different frequencies. The weighting can be removed from the octave bands if required, the corrections are given in the table below.

| | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| Frequency Hz | 63 | 125 | 250 | 500 | 1000 | 2000 | 4000 | 8000 |
| 'A' Weighting | -26 | -16 | -9 | -3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | -1 |

Octave band – sound is produced at various frequencies and is therefore measured across a range of frequency or Octave bands (as the above table). The figures can be combined to give an overall level using logarithmic addition.

Induct levels – a measurement of sound that is taken inside the duct of a ventilation system, this is likely to be a higher level than a non ducted or open inlet/open outlet measurement.

Casing Breakout – a measurement of the sound that breaks out of the casing of a unit, the sound from the inlet and outlets of the unit does not form part of this measurement.